400 MUST HAVE WORDS FOR THE TOEFL

400 Must Have Words for the TOEFL LESSON 18 – War and Conquest Vocabulary Test

12 questions · Choose the correct answer. Online test and answer key with explanations:
https://englishtestsonline.com/400-must-have-words-for-the-toefl-lesson-18-war-and-conquest-vocabulary-test/

Name: _____ Date: _____ Score: _____ / 12

1. Find the word or phrase that is closest in meaning to each word.

severely
A) invent **B)** fall down
C) add on **D)** extremely
E) most common

2. prevailing
A) invent **B)** fall down
C) add on **D)** extremely
E) most common

3. devise
A) invent **B)** fall down
C) add on **D)** extremely
E) most common

4. collapse
A) invent **B)** fall down
C) add on **D)** extremely
E) most common

5. annex
A) invent **B)** fall down
C) add on **D)** extremely
E) most common

6. Choose the word that best completes each sentence.

The judge ruled that Harry was guilty of a _____ of the seat-belt law.
A) violation **B)** conquest

7. Because Dalmatia was protected by high mountains, the empire could not _____ it.
A) apex **B)** annex

8. We have to _____ a way to fight this new disease.
A) conquest **B)** devise

9. Several armed groups joined together to _____ the foreign invaders.
A) resist **B)** collapse

10. The _____ belief held that the enemy's peace moves were not sincere.
A) prevailing **B)** invasive

Read the passage to review the vocabulary you have learned. Answer the questions that follow.

The Roman **conquest** of North Africa is, in the **prevailing** view, less interesting than Rome's European adventures. In truth, one of the first lands Rome **annexed** beyond the Italian peninsula was the area around Carthage in North Africa. Carthage and Rome had been in conflict (called the Punic Wars) since 264 BCE for control of trade along the Mediterranean coast. In 218 BCE, during the Second Punic War, the Carthaginian general Hannibal **devised** a clever plan, in **violation** of most military wisdom, to march through the high Alps to attack the Roman heartland. The cold weather and steep terrain **severely** stressed Hannibal's forces, many of whom rode elephants. The Romans **resisted** Hannibal's attacks, and his bold **invasion** force **collapsed**. **In the end**, Rome finished off Carthage in the Third Punic War (149–146 BCE). At its **apex** in 117 CE, Rome controlled all of North Africa and territories from the Persian Gulf to Britain.

***Bonus Structure*— In the end** *introduces the last stage of a long process.*

11. Which sentence best expresses the essential information of this passage?
A) Romans were very successful at resisting invaders.
B) Hannibal tried crossing the Alps on elephants to invade Rome.
C) Rome and Carthage fought three wars, known as the Punic Wars.
D) One of Rome's first overseas conquests was of the North African state of Carthage.

12. The author of this passage believes that Hannibal's attack on Rome by crossing the Alps was _____.
A) not what most military commanders would do
B) exactly what the Roman army used to do
C) cruel to elephants
D) impractical because elephants can't cross mountains