400 MUST HAVE WORDS FOR THE TOEFL

400 Must Have Words for the TOEFL LESSON 31 – The War on Drugs Vocabulary Test

11 questions · Choose the correct answer. Online test and answer key with explanations:
https://englishtestsonline.com/400-must-have-words-for-the-toefl-lesson-31-the-war-on-drugs-vocabulary-test/

Name: _____ Date: _____ Score: _____ / 11

1. Find the word or phrase that is closest in meaning to each word below.

cartel
A) stop
B) remaining
C) next to
D) without drawing attention
E) a kind of group

2. interdict
A) stop
B) remaining
C) next to
D) without drawing attention
E) a kind of group

3. juxtaposed
A) stop
B) remaining
C) next to
D) without drawing attention
E) a kind of group

4. residual
A) stop
B) remaining
C) next to
D) without drawing attention
E) a kind of group

5. subtle
A) stop
B) remaining
C) next to
D) without drawing attention
E) a kind of group

6. Choose the word that best completes each sentence.

With a _____ nod of his head, the inspector signaled his agents.
A) subtle **B)** residual

7. Sunlight is a _____ source of energy for electricity generation, but it can be expensive to collect and store.
A) concentrated **B)** potent

8. Things other than drugs can be _____, such as gambling or even television.
A) addictive **B)** subtle

9. A security official tries to _____ foreign terrorists before they can enter the country.
A) modify **B)** interdict

10. Your advertisement created the _____ that everything was on sale for 50 percent off.
A) misconception **B)** cartel

11. Read the passage to review the vocabulary you have learned. Answer the questions that follow.

Illegal **addictive** drugs, like heroin or cocaine, come from plants grown and harvested mostly by poor farmers. Their small farmhouses **juxtaposed** with the mansions of billionaire drug lords illustrate the unequal payouts to various players in the drug trade. The farmers sell their product cheaply to a drug-distribution **cartel** that is owned by the drug lords. People working for the cartel **then** refine the drugs into a **concentrated** form or even **modify** them chemically to make them more **potent** and therefore more valuable. Other cartel members **then** transport the drugs to distributors for sale, smuggling them over huge distances, including international borders. Governments try to **interdict** smugglers, using both new technology and old (like sniffer dogs) to find **residual** traces of drugs. Their occasional successes have led to a popular **misconception** that antidrug campaigns are close to stopping the flow of illegal drugs. On the contrary, as long as drug lords can make vast fortunes in their illegal trade, smugglers will come up with ever-more-**subtle** ways of concealing their goods, and the War on Drugs goes on.
Bonus Structure— *Because this reading describes a system of operations, the word* **then** *appears very often.*
Who makes the most money from the drug trade?

A) rural farmers
B) people who refine drugs
C) drug lords
D) antidrug officers