ANSWER KEY WITH EXPLANATIONS

Additions to Remarks MCQ Test With Answers + PDF Exercise 1

English Grammar Tests · 20 questions · Online test and questions PDF:
https://englishtestsonline.com/additions-to-remarks-test-1/

1	**C**	2	**A**	3	**C**	4	**D**	5	**A**	6	**D**	7	**B**	8	**A**	9	**A**	10	**C**
11	**A**	12	**C**	13	**A**	14	**D**	15	**C**	16	**A**	17	**C**	18	**D**	19	**D**	20	**B**

Explanations

1. - Don’t you know I’m a football fan?

- _____. I shout for Galatasaray.
✓ **C) So am I**
To agree with a positive sentence, use **So + verb + I**. The speaker says **I'm** (= I am), so the reply is **So am I**. Not **Either do I**: **either** is only for negative sentences, and the verb must be **am**, not **do**.

2. Our professor thinks we like his subject. What about yours?
✓ **A) So does he.**
The sentence is positive and uses **thinks**, so the short reply uses **does**: **So does he** (= my professor thinks so too).

3. “I don’t like reptiles.”
✓ **C) Neither do I.**
To agree with a negative sentence, use **Neither + verb + I**. The verb in **don't like** is **do**, so the reply is **Neither do I**. Not **Neither am I**: the verb must be **do**, not **am**.

4. I am fond of reading.
✓ **D) So is my son**
The sentence is positive and uses **am**, so we answer with **So + is/am + person**: **So is my son**. Not **So do I**: the verb must be **be**, not **do**.

5. “I like skating.”
✓ **A) So do I**
The sentence is positive (**I like**), so we agree with **So do I**. **Neither** is only used after negative sentences.

6. Tom: I won’t have any more.

Ann: _____.
✓ **D) Neither shall I**
Won't (= will not) is negative, so the reply uses **Neither + will/shall + I**. With **I**, **shall** can replace **will**: **Neither shall I**. Not **Neither do I**: the verb must match the future form, not **do**.

7. I haven’t heard him sing.
✓ **B) Neither has my friend.**
The sentence is negative and uses **haven't** (present perfect), so the reply is **Neither + has/have + person**: **Neither has my friend**. Not **Neither had we**: the tense must stay the present perfect, **has/have**.

8. A: My friend can’t go to the theatre tonight.

B: _____.
✓ **A) Neither can I**
Can't is negative, so we agree with **Neither can I**. Not **Neither do I**: we repeat the same verb, **can**.

9. - I haven’t read “David Copperfield” by Charles Dickens.
✓ **A) Neither has my brother.**
Haven't read is negative and in the present perfect, so the reply is **Neither has my brother**. Not **Neither can I**: the verb must be **have/has**.

10. She didn’t see anyone she knew, and _____ did Nick.
✓ **C) neither**
After a negative clause (**didn't see**), we add **and neither + verb + subject**: **and neither did Nick**. Not **either**: **either** comes at the end (**and Nick didn't either**).

11. - My brother is going to enter the Institute.

- _____.
✓ **A) So is my sister**
The sentence is positive and uses **is going to**, so the reply is **So is + person**: **So is my sister**. Not **So did my brother**: the verb must be **is**, not **did**.

12. - I’ve never been to England.

- _____. But I hope I shall visit it someday.

- _____. Now that our country has become independent, we’ve got more chances of visiting other countries.
✓ **C) Neither have I / So do I**
I've never been is negative (**never**), so the first reply is **Neither have I**. The second speaker agrees with the positive **I hope**, so the reply is **So do I**. Not **So have I / Neither do I**: the positive and negative forms are the wrong way round.

13. I can never find my books.
✓ **A) Neither can I.**
Never makes the sentence negative, and the verb is **can**, so the reply is **Neither can I**. Not **Neither does she**: we repeat **can**, not **do**.

14. I wasn’t at school when I heard the news.
✓ **D) Neither were they.**
Wasn't is negative and in the past of **be**, so the reply is **Neither + was/were + person**: **Neither were they**. Not **So did I**: the sentence is negative and the verb is **be**.

15. - I do not like porridge at all.

- _____
✓ **C) Neither does your sister.**
Do not like is negative and in the present simple, so the reply is **Neither + do/does + person**: **Neither does your sister**. Not **Neither did we**: the tense must stay in the present.

16. - He saw nobody in the room, and you?

- _____.
✓ A) Neither did I
Nobody makes the sentence negative, and **saw** is past simple, so the reply is **Neither did I**. Not **So did I**: **so** is for positive sentences.

17. - I am proud of my country, and you?

- _____.
✓ C) So are we
I am proud is positive and uses **am**, so the reply is **So + are + we**: **So are we**. Not **So we do**: the verb must be **be**, and it comes before the subject.

18. - His uncle is a very clever man.

- And _____.
✓ D) so is his father
The sentence is positive and uses **is**, so we add **so + is + subject**: **And so is his father**. Not **so his father is**: after **so**, the verb comes before the subject.

19. - I don't like people who tell lies, and you?

- _____. I just hate them.
✓ D) Neither do I
Don't like is negative, so the reply is **Neither do I**. Not **So do I**: **so** is only used after positive sentences.

20. - My little brother is very clever.

- _____.
✓ B) So is mine
The sentence is positive and in the present (**is**), so the reply is **So is mine** (= my brother is clever too). Not **So was mine**: the tense must stay in the present.

Practise more on englishtestsonline.com
Take this test online, download its questions PDF, and find thousands of free English tests:
englishtestsonline.com · scan the code for this test
englishtestsonline.com