ENGLISH LEVEL TESTS

ESL B1+ Level MCQ Test With Answers UPPER INTERMEDIATE TEST 2

30 questions · Choose the correct answer. Online test and answer key with explanations:
https://englishtestsonline.com/esl-b1-level-mcq-test-with-answers-upper-intermediate-test-2/

Name: _____ Date: _____ Score: _____ / 30

1. B1+ MOCK EXAMINATION SECTION 1

Choose the correct alternatives to complete the sentences.

I haven't seen her since she _____ to New Zealand.
A) emigrated
B) had emigrated
C) has emigrated
D) would have emigrated

2. There are eight known planets in the solar system but perhaps others _____ in the future.
A) will be discovered **B)** will discover
C) discovered **D)** would discover

3. You really should stop _____ all the time; it's annoying.
A) to complain **B)** complaining
C) complain **D)** to complaining

4. When you get to know him, you'll understand how he _____ to stay on top all these years.
A) had managed **B)** has managed
C) was managing **D)** is managing

5. When he realised what he _____, he quickly apologised.
A) is saying **B)** had said
C) has said **D)** has been saying

6. We _____ dinner from 7.30 to about 8.30 tonight, so you'd better ring at about 9.00.
A) will be having **B)** have had
C) would have **D)** must have had

7. What exactly _____ at the time the robbery took place?
A) have you done
B) would you do
C) were you doing
D) have you been doing

8. If they had invited Walter, the party last night _____ better.
A) will be **B)** would be
C) were to be **D)** would have been

9. We are planning _____ the software model in March.
A) a launch **B)** launching
C) will launch **D)** to launch

10. It's been years since I last saw you! What _____?
A) have you been doing **B)** did you do
C) were you doing **D)** had you done

11. SECTION 2

Choose the correct alternative to complete the sentences.

She lives on a farm in the country, so I imagine she _____ up early.
A) used to get **B)** used to getting
C) gets used to get **D)** is used to getting

12. John and Jill are definitely coming and Mike said he _____ come.
A) mustn't **B)** might
C) can't have **D)** will have

13. Do you like the new kitchen? We _____ over the summer.
A) did it remodelling **B)** had remodelled it
C) have remodelling it **D)** had it remodelled

14. The young girl was caught trying to steal a shirt from the store and was _____ with shoplifting.
A) condemned **B)** arrested
C) charged **D)** suspected

15. I'm afraid I've made the problem worse, _____?
A) haven't I **B)** aren't I
C) have I **D)** didn't I

16. You can stay up and watch the film _____ you go straight to bed afterwards.
A) in the event **B)** being that
C) providing **D)** as far as

17. Susan is unemployed at the moment because she got _____ from her job.
A) the sack **B)** promoted
C) shiftwork **D)** the fire

18. Mike travels a lot for his job; he's always _____.
A) going on
B) on the go
C) getting to the bottom of something
D) pulling my leg

19. He _____ some help with his homework; the answers are all absolutely perfect.
A) must have had **B)** might not have
C) could be having **D)** can't have

20. I couldn't believe how little he paid for that second-hand car. He got it _____!
A) brand new **B)** on the bright side
C) dirt cheap **D)** above board

SECTION 5

(Please note: The following questions are related to a

specific reading passage, which is available solely before the first question. Remember, it may be helpful to refer back to the reading text while answering the questions to ensure accuracy.)

Read the text and answer the questions.

Language is a way of communicating. Babies begin to learn their mother's language at a very early age and they continue learning the same language as they grow. However, in the case of immigrants, there are often many problems between parents and their children because they may not have the same native language.

Many immigrants to English-speaking countries are looking for a better standard of living than they had at home. Since they have serious problems in many areas, such as getting jobs, they may want their children to speak English not only at school but also at home in order to be more successful. As a result, their children sometimes lose their ethnic identity and, even worse, might begin to look down on their parents whose English is not very good.

My aunt, who has been living in Chicago for fifteen years, has three children and they were all born in the States. Her eighteen-year-old daughter speaks English as a native language and she also speaks Korean very well. She gets on well with her parents and has no problems talking to them in Korean but she doesn't understand Korean jokes and doesn't think like a Korean. As a result, there are sometimes misunderstandings. The second daughter is fourteen years old and doesn't want to speak Korean at all. My aunt gets angry with her because she is extremely Americanised and they cannot understand each other. The third child is a twelve-year-old son. My aunt is trying to teach him to speak both languages, but it is hard for him because he speaks English all day and he doesn't see the point of learning Korean if he's going to be speaking English for the rest of his life.

It is natural for second-generation immigrants to feel some confusion about their identity. They may feel as though they are being pulled in one way by their parents' culture and in another by the culture of the country which is now their home. The sensation of being different in some way can be upsetting, especially when they are young and anxious to be accepted by others of their age group. Moreover, they would probably feel out of place if they visited their parents' native country. My cousins told me that when they visited Korea a few years ago, they felt 'foreign'. They weren't dressed and didn't act like other Koreans.

Most immigrants try to preserve their native language but this doesn't help them in getting a good job. It wasn't to help them succeed in the USA that my aunt attempted to teach her children Korean. It was to try to instil in them the same pride that she felt in her ethnic background.

21. Which of these statements is NOT true according to the first two paragraphs of the article?

A) Second generation immigrants always speak their parents' native language at home.
B) It is often hard for first and second generation family members to communicate with each other.
C) As second generation immigrants often speak only English, they may lose their ethnic identity.
D) Sometimes second generation immigrant children feel superior to their parents.

22. According to the text, many immigrants move to English-speaking countries because _____.

A) they want to learn English
B) they don't like their mother country
C) they are trying to have a better life
D) they can't find work in their mother country

23. According to the text, the 18-year-old daughter _____.

A) was born in Korea
B) speaks English but not Korean
C) doesn't get on well with her parents
D) doesn't understand Korean humour

24. The younger sister has problems with her mother because _____.

A) she is ashamed of her heritage
B) she is very Americanised
C) she is jealous of her sister
D) she is only 14

25. Which sums up the 12-year-old brother's opinion of speaking Korean?

A) He thinks it will limit his future possibilities.
B) He thinks it will prevent him from mastering English.
C) He thinks people will laugh at him if he speaks it.
D) He thinks it's useless in America.

26. According to the text, the mother tried to teach her children Korean _____.

A) to establish an ethnic identity
B) to find a good job
C) to be different from others
D) to be able to speak to people when they visit their parents' original country

27. Which statement is correct?

A) Second generation immigrants always feel upset when they are with others of their age.
B) Young second generation immigrants don't like feeling different from others of their age.
C) Second generation immigrants have no problems in accepting two different cultures.
D) Young second generation immigrants upset others of their age because they are different.

28. When the writer's cousins visited Korea, _____.

A) they lost their American identity
B) they bought traditional Korean clothes
C) they didn't feel at home
D) they refused to speak Korean

29. Which of the following best describes the writer's aunt?

A) Fiercely nationalistic.
B) Proud of her Korean heritage.
C) Disappointed with American values.
D) Determined to take her children back to Korea.

30. Which of the following is CLOSEST to the main idea of the text?

A) Second generation Korean-Americans walk and act differently from others of their generation.
B) Many immigrant families have problems with communication.
C) The language spoken in immigrant households is that of the parents' mother country.
D) Second generation Korean immigrants speak only English.

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