ANSWER KEY WITH EXPLANATIONS

Mixed Grammar MCQ Test With Answers + PDF Exercise 053

English Grammar Tests · 20 questions · Online test and questions PDF: https://englishtestsonline.com/grammar-test-53/

1	**A**	2	**B**	3	**B**	4	**D**	5	**B**	6	**B**	7	**B**	8	**A**	9	**D**	10	**A**
11	**A**	12	**C**	13	**B**	14	**B**	15	**B**	16	**A**	17	**A**	18	**C**	19	**A**	20	**D**

Explanations

1. You'd better take your umbrella. It _____ rain.
✔ **A) might**
We use **might** to say something is possible but not certain. The rain is possible, so you should take an umbrella. Not **must**, because that would mean you are sure it will rain.

2. He _____ play basketball in high school.
✔ **B) used to**
We use **used to** + verb for a past habit that is no longer true: **He used to play basketball.** Not **use to**: in positive sentences we write **used to**.

3. Linda _____ go to the market today.
✔ **B) has to**
With **he**, **she** or one person's name, we use **has to**: **Linda has to go.** Not **have to**, which goes with **I**, **you**, **we** and **they**.

4. Mr. Brown works very hard. He _____ relax more.
✔ **D) should**
We use **should** to give advice: **He should relax more.** He works too hard, so relaxing is a good idea.

5. Last year Mr. Taylor _____ work 60 hours a week.
✔ **B) had to**
Had to is the past of **have to/has to**. **Last year** shows the past: **He had to work 60 hours a week.** Not **has to**, which is present, and **must** has no past form.

6. I'm not used to _____ early.
✔ **B) getting up**
After **be used to** (= be familiar with), we use the **-ing** form: **I'm not used to getting up early.** Not **get up**: here **to** is a preposition, not part of the infinitive.

7. We would have to sign a lease, _____?
✔ **B) wouldn't we**
A question tag repeats the auxiliary verb. The sentence is positive with **would**, so the tag is negative: **wouldn't we?**

8. He'll have to stay home if he _____ to the bank.
✔ **A) can't go**
In a first conditional, the **if** part uses a present form: **if he can't go**. Not **won't go**, because we don't use **will** after **if** here.

9. _____ children went on the flight.
✔ **D) Both**
Both + plural noun means two people or things together: **Both children went.** Not **All of** or **One of**, because they need **the** before the noun: **all of the children**.

10. I _____ rather go shopping tomorrow. I have a lot of work today.
✔ **A) would**
Would rather + verb means 'prefer': **I would rather go shopping tomorrow.** Not **will**: we don't say **will rather**.

11. If the projector _____, we won't be able to see the movie.
✔ **A) doesn't work**
First conditional: **if** + present simple, **will/won't** + verb. The result is **won't be able to**, so we need **doesn't work**. Not **didn't work**, which would need **wouldn't** in the result.

12. If people _____, he will feel bad.
✔ **C) laugh**
First conditional: the **if** part uses the present simple (**if people laugh**), and the result uses **will** (**he will feel bad**). Not **will laugh**: we don't use **will** after **if** here.

13. If I had a car, I _____ to the theater.
✔ **B) would drive**
Second conditional: **if** + past simple (**had**), then **would** + base verb: **I would drive.** Not **would drove**: after **would** we use the base form.

14. If they stand up, we _____ see the screen.
✔ **B) won't be able to**
First conditional: **if** + present (**they stand up**), then **will/won't** + verb. **We won't be able to see** means we can't see in the future.

15. If my car _____ start, I will be late.
✔ **B) doesn't**
First conditional: **if** + present simple. **My car** is like **it**, so we use **doesn't**: **If my car doesn't start, I will be late.** Not **don't**, which goes with **I, you, we, they**.

16. I would come if I _____ enough time.
✔ **A) had**
Second conditional: **would** + verb, then **if** + past simple: **I would come if I had enough time.** Not **have**, because **would** needs the past form in the **if** part.

17. He would feel better if he _____ more sleep.
✔ **A) got**
Second conditional: **would feel** needs the past simple after **if**: **if he got more sleep**. Not **gets**, which goes with **will** in the first conditional.

18. You will succeed if you _____.
✔ **C) try**
First conditional: **will** in the result, present simple after **if**: **You will succeed if you try.** Not **will try**: we don't use **will** after **if** here.

19. _____ long books are interesting.
✓ A) Many
Many goes straight before a plural noun: **Many long books are interesting.** Not **Many of**, which needs **the** or **my** after it: **many of the books**.

20. _____ charming person she is!
✓ D) What a
In exclamations with a singular noun, we use **What a** + adjective + noun: **What a charming person she is!** Not **How**, which goes with an adjective alone: **How charming she is!**

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