ANSWER KEY WITH EXPLANATIONS

# Infinitive -Too I Enough – Gerund Test A2 – B1 Grammar Exercises

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| 1 | **B** | 2 | **D** | 3 | **A** | 4 | **B** | 5 | **D** | 6 | **A** | 7 | **D** | 8 | **A** | 9 | **D** | 10 | **B** |
| 11 | **C** | 12 | **A** | 13 | **B** | 14 | **C** | 15 | **B** | 16 | **B** | 17 | **B** | 18 | **A** | 19 | **A** | 20 | **B** |

## Explanations

**1.** Please don't forget _____ your homework and your exercise books tomorrow.
✔ **B) to bring**
**Forget** about a future job takes **to** + verb: **Don't forget to bring your books.** Not **bringing**, because **forget + -ing** is about remembering something from the past.

**2.** A: Would you like _____ the dessert I've made?

B: Yes, please. It looks lovely.
✔ **D) to taste**
After **would like** we use **to** + verb: **Would you like to taste it?** Not **tasting**; that form goes after **like**, not **would like**.

**3.** A: Can your computer _____ the most recent video games?

B: No, it can't because it is _____ old.
✔ **A) run / too**
After **can** we use the base verb: **can run**. **Too old** means more old than it should be, so it can't run the games. Not **enough**, because **enough** comes after the adjective (**old enough**) and has a positive meaning.

**4.** Giles loves _____ TV, and he has just turned on the TV _____ his favourite quiz show.
✔ **B) watching / to watch**
**Love** is followed by **-ing** (**loves watching**). The second gap gives the purpose, so we use **to** + verb: **He turned on the TV to watch his quiz show.**

**5.** I prefer _____ the meeting until next Friday because I have too much paperwork _____.
✔ **D) postponing / to do**
**Prefer** can be followed by **-ing** (**prefer postponing**). After **too much + noun** we use **to** + verb: **too much paperwork to do**. Not **to postpone / doing**, because **paperwork doing** is wrong.

**6.** When her guests leave, Diane will continue _____ on her project, and she expects _____ it by midnight.
✔ **A) working / to finish**
**Continue** can take **-ing** (**continue working**). **Expect** is always followed by **to** + verb: **She expects to finish it by midnight.** Not **to work / finish**, because **expects finish** is wrong.

**7.** Zoe: I don't know how _____ the mistake my colleague has made.

Wyatt: I suggest _____ out of it. He should deal with it by himself.
✔ **D) to correct / staying**
After question words like **how** we use **to** + verb: **how to correct**. **Suggest** is followed by **-ing**: **I suggest staying out of it.** Not **to stay**, because **suggest to do** is a common mistake.

**8.** My uncle and aunt live in New York, so I am planning _____ to America this summer _____ them.
✔ **A) to go / to visit**
**Plan** is followed by **to** + verb (**planning to go**). The second gap shows the purpose, so we use **to** + verb again: **to visit them**.

**9.** That place is too far away _____ on a three-day holiday, so we want _____ at home and have some rest.
✔ **D) to go / to stay**
After **too + adjective** we use **to** + verb: **too far away to go**. **Want** is also followed by **to** + verb: **we want to stay at home**.

**10.** Nina didn't have enough sweets _____ with everyone in the office, so she decided _____ them by herself.
✔ **B) to share / to eat**
After **enough + noun** we use **to** + verb: **enough sweets to share**. **Decide** is also followed by **to** + verb: **she decided to eat them**.

**11.** Jules has enough money _____ that house, but she is hesitant about _____ a contract with Mr Bell, the owner of the house.
✔ **C) to rent / signing**
After **enough + noun** we use **to** + verb: **enough money to rent**. After a preposition like **about** we use **-ing**: **hesitant about signing**.

**12.** After months of practice, Elena thought she was ready _____ in the competition, but unfortunately, she didn't even manage _____ the first lap.
✔ **A) to run / to finish**
After **ready** we use **to** + verb: **ready to run**. **Manage** is also followed by **to** + verb: **she didn't manage to finish**.

**13.** My car broke down last week, and it is still at the garage because the mechanic has trouble _____ the right part.
✔ **B) finding**
**Have trouble** is followed by **-ing**: **He has trouble finding the right part.** Not **find**, because we never say **have trouble find**.

**14.** You shouldn't spend too much time _____ one question during the exam, or else you will fail _____ the others.
✔ **C) solving / to answer**
**Spend time** is followed by **-ing**: **spend time solving**. **Fail** is followed by **to** + verb: **you will fail to answer the others**.

**15.** _____ to music really makes me _____ relaxed and happy.
✔ **B) Listening / feel**
An **-ing** form can be the subject of a sentence: **Listening to music…**. After **make someone** we use the base verb: **makes me feel**. Not **to feel**, because **make** never takes **to**.

**16.** **Dilay is going to buy a new mobile phone this weekend at the shopping centre.**
✔ **B) False**
Paragraph 1 says Dilay wants to buy a new **tablet**. It is Bihter who wants a new **mobile phone**.

**17.** **Dilay and her friend Bihter are going to buy some new video games this weekend.**
✔ **B) False**
Paragraph 2 says they will **play** video games at the amusement arcade. They are not going to **buy** video games.

**18.** **The shopping centre where they are going has a fish restaurant called "Fish Surprise".**
✔ **A) True**
Paragraph 2 says: **My favourite fish restaurant 'Fish Surprise' is there too.**

**19.** **After they finish shopping, Dilay and Bihter will play video games in the amusement arcade.**
✔ **A) True**
Paragraph 2 says: **When we finish shopping, we will go to the amusement arcade because we both love playing video games.** So after shopping, they will play video games there.

**20.** **Dilay's mum has made a special cake for her parents containing 50 red candles.**
✔ **B) False**
Paragraph 3 says the cake has **60 gold candles**, not 50 red candles.

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