ANSWER KEY WITH EXPLANATIONS

Medical Vocabulary Quiz: Diagnosis, Prognosis, Chronic, Acute

English Vocabulary Tests · 15 questions · Online test and questions PDF:
https://englishtestsonline.com/medical-vocabulary-quiz-diagnosis-prognosis-chronic-acute/

1	**B**	2	**D**	3	**A**	4	**C**	5	**B**	6	**A**	7	**D**	8	**C**	9	**A**	10	**B**
11	**C**	12	**D**	13	**B**	14	**A**	15	**C**										

Explanations

1. After the blood test, the doctor was able to make a ___.
✔ **B) diagnosis**
Make a diagnosis: after the tests, the doctor says what is wrong.

2. The ___ is good: most patients with this injury recover fully within a year.
✔ **D) prognosis**
The prognosis is what the doctor thinks the coming months will probably look like.

3. Asthma is a ___ illness: it lasts for years. A heart attack is ___: sudden and serious.
✔ **A) chronic … acute**
Chronic: it is still there years later, or keeps coming back. Acute: it hits suddenly and you cannot ignore it.

4. People with ___, such as diabetes, are at greater risk from flu.
✔ **C) underlying conditions**
An underlying condition is an illness you already have, which can make a new illness more dangerous.

5. My GP wrote a ___ to a skin specialist at the hospital.
✔ **B) referral**
A referral is the GP's request that sends you on to a specialist.

6. In British hospitals, the most senior doctor in a department is called a ___.
✔ **A) consultant**
A consultant is the most senior hospital doctor in one area, with a team of younger doctors.

7. There are 200 people ahead of me on the ___ for a hip operation.
✔ **D) waiting list**
On the waiting list: your name is on a list, and you wait for treatment.

8. Mum was ___ to hospital on Monday and ___ on Friday, so she slept at home again.
✔ **C) admitted … discharged**
Be admitted to hospital: you are taken in to stay. Be discharged: you are allowed to go home.

9. You don't need to stay the night: it's an ___ appointment.
✔ **A) outpatient**
An outpatient comes in for an appointment or test and goes home the same day.

10. All children have an eye ___ at school, to find any problems early.
✔ **B) screening**
Screening: you feel well, but you have a test anyway, to catch any problem early.

11. Stay at home for a few days: this virus is highly ___.
✔ **C) contagious**
Contagious: it passes easily from one person to the next.

12. Fresh fruit, sleep and exercise all help your ___ fight infections.
✔ **D) immune system**
Your immune system fights the germs you meet every day.

13. He was almost well again, but then he had a ___ and was back in bed for a week.
✔ **B) relapse**
A relapse: you were getting better, and then the illness comes back.

14. The good news is that the lump is ___. If it were ___, it could spread.
✔ **A) benign … malignant**
A benign lump is nothing to worry about and will not spread; a malignant one can spread.

15. In the UK, NHS care is ___. In the US, most people need ___.
✔ **C) free at the point of use … health insurance**
Free at the point of use: you pay nothing at the doctor's, because taxes pay. With health insurance, you pay a company and it pays for treatment.