ANSWER KEY WITH EXPLANATIONS

# PRE-INTERMEDIATE Test 3

Pre-Intermediate English Grammar Tests · 25 questions · Online test and questions PDF:
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| 1 | **A** | 2 | **B** | 3 | **C** | 4 | **C** | 5 | **A** | 6 | **B** | 7 | **C** | 8 | **A** | 9 | **D** | 10 | **A** |
| 11 | **A** | 12 | **C** | 13 | **B** | 14 | **C** | 15 | **D** | 16 | **C** | 17 | **A** | 18 | **C** | 19 | **B** | 20 | **D** |
| 21 | **A** | 22 | **B** | 23 | **B** | 24 | **D** | 25 | **A** | | | | | | | | | | |

## Explanations

**1.** "Are _____ your course?"

"Yes, I'm enjoying it very much."
✓ **A) you enjoying**
The reply **I'm enjoying it** uses the present continuous, so the question is **Are you enjoying ...?** It is about **you**, not **they**.

**2.** "Do _____ clubs?"

"I go sometimes."
✓ **B) you go to**
We say **go to clubs**, so the question is **Do you go to clubs?** Not **you usually go**, because **to** is missing before **clubs**.

**3.** "What _____ doing in your free time?"

"I like watching sport on TV."
✓ **C) do you like**
The answer **I like watching ...** matches the question **What do you like doing?** We use **like** + **-ing** for hobbies.

**4.** "_____"

"Yes, can I help you?"
✓ **C) Excuse me!**
We say **Excuse me!** to get someone's attention, for example in a shop. The other person answers **Yes, can I help you?**

**5.** "What are you doing this weekend?"

"_____."
✓ **A) Nothing much**
**Nothing much** means you have no special plans. It is a common answer to **What are you doing this weekend?**

**6.** "Make yourself at home."

"_____."
✓ **B) Thank you**
A host says **Make yourself at home** to make a guest feel relaxed. The guest answers **Thank you**.

**7.** "Thank you so much for helping."

"_____."
✓ **C) Not at all. Don't mention it**
When someone thanks us, we can say **Not at all** or **Don't mention it**. It means it was no problem.

**8.** "Good morning!"

"_____"
✓ **A) Good morning!**
We answer a greeting with the same greeting: **Good morning!** – **Good morning!**

**9.** "See you next week."

"_____."
✓ **D) Bye for now**
**See you next week** is a way to say goodbye. We answer with another goodbye: **Bye for now**.

**10.** "Have a nice day!"

"_____."
✓ **A) Thanks. Same to you**
When someone wishes us something nice, we can say **Thanks. Same to you.** It means we wish them the same. **Not at all** is an answer to **Thank you**, not to a wish.

**11.** A- Where _____ from?

B- _____ am from Milan.
✓ **A) are you / I**
A question with **be** needs **are you**: **Where are you from?** The answer starts with **I**: **I am from Milan.**

**12.** A- _____ Leo eat Chinese food?

B- Yes, he _____ it _____ he was 10.
✓ **C) Did / ate / when**
The answer is in the past (**he was 10**), so we use **Did** in the question and **ate** in the answer. **When** means 'at the time'. Not **eaten**, because we need the past simple, not the past participle.

**13.** What _____ they going _____ do?
✓ **B) are / to**
**They** needs **are**, and the future form is **be going to** + verb: **What are they going to do? Too** means 'also', so it does not fit here.

**14.** A- How _____ languages can your son speak?

B- Three _____.
✓ **C) many / languages**
**Languages** can be counted, so we use **How many**. After **three**, the noun is plural: **three languages**.

**15.** A- When _____ it _____ raining?

B- Yesterday.
✔ **D) Did / start**
**Yesterday** shows the past, so we use **Did**. After **did**, the verb has no ending: **When did it start raining?** Not **started**, because **did** already shows the past.

**16.** _____ kind _____ music do you like?
✔ **C) What / of**
We say **What kind of ...?** to ask about the type of something: **What kind of music do you like?**

**17.** A: Good night!

B: _____!
✔ **A) Sleep well**
We say **Good night** before going to bed. A friendly answer is **Sleep well!**

**18.** Oh! Welcome, Jack! _____.
✔ **C) Make yourself at home**
When a guest arrives, the host says **Welcome** and **Make yourself at home**. It means 'relax and feel comfortable here'.

**19.** Customer: _____!

Shop assistant: _____?
✔ **B) Excuse me / Yes, can I help you**
A customer says **Excuse me!** to get the assistant's attention. The assistant asks **Yes, can I help you?** The question mark shows the second part must be a question.

**20.** A- Thank you very much!

B- _____.
✔ **D) Not at all**
**Not at all** is a polite answer to **Thank you**. It means it was no trouble.

**21.** Mobile phones, televisions, and radios are a means of _____.
✔ **A) communication**
**Communication** means sharing information with other people. Phones, TVs and radios help us do this. Not **media**, because we don't say **a means of media**.

**22.** The Romans _____ the Latin alphabet, which is still used today.
✔ **B) developed**
**Develop** means to create something and make it grow over time. **The Romans developed the Latin alphabet.**

**23.** Nowadays the media has a huge influence on _____.
✔ **B) society**
**Society** means all the people living in a country or the world. We say **influence on society** with no **the**.

**24.** We send _____ through the internet.
✔ **D) an e-mail**
An **e-mail** is a message we send on the internet. We use **an** because **e-mail** starts with a vowel sound.

**25.** Romans, Greeks and Egyptians are all _____ nations.
✔ **A) ancient**
**Ancient** means from a very long time ago, thousands of years. We often say **ancient nations** or **ancient Rome**.

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