ANSWER KEY WITH EXPLANATIONS

PRE-INTERMEDIATE Test 14

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1	**B**	2	**A**	3	**D**	4	**A**	5	**D**	6	**B**	7	**B**	8	**C**	9	**D**	10	**B**
11	**A**	12	**C**	13	**B**	14	**C**	15	**A**	16	**D**	17	**C**	18	**A**	19	**A**	20	**A**
21	**D**	22	**B**	23	**B**	24	**C**	25	**A**										

Explanations

1. _____ to a rock concert?
✔ **B) Have you ever been**
To ask about experiences in your whole life up to now, use the present perfect with **ever**: **Have you ever been …?** The verb must be **been**, not **go**.

2. I _____ the champion last week.
✔ **A) saw**
Last week is a finished time in the past, so use the past simple: **saw**. Not **have seen**, because the present perfect is not used with **last week**.

3. I love rock and roll. I _____ it all my life.
✔ **D) have liked**
All my life means from the past until now, so use the present perfect: **have liked**. **Like** is a state verb, so we don't say **am liking**.

4. The Flash's concert _____ fantastic 3 years ago.
✔ **A) was**
3 years ago is a finished past time, so use the past simple: **was**. Not **has been**, because the present perfect is not used with **ago**.

5. I _____ all their records since then.
✔ **D) have bought**
Since then means from that time until now, so use the present perfect: **have bought**. **Buyed** is not a word; the past of **buy** is **bought**.

6. The Flash _____ together for over fifteen years.
✔ **B) have been**
For over fifteen years shows a situation from the past until now, so use the present perfect: **have been together**. Not **are**, because the present simple is not used with **for** + a period up to now.

7. He's my sister's son. He's my _____.
✔ **B) nephew**
Your sister's or brother's son is your **nephew**. A daughter is a **niece**.

8. I run in races. I'm a (an) _____.
✔ **C) athlete**
An **athlete** is a person who runs, jumps or does other sports in races and competitions.

9. In my job I wear the latest fashions. I'm a (an) _____.
✔ **D) model**
A **model** wears new clothes so people can see and photograph them.

10. I serve you drinks on a plane flight. I'm a _____.
✔ **B) flight attendant**
A **flight attendant** works on a plane and serves drinks and food to passengers.

11. I cook food for a restaurant. I'm a (an) _____.
✔ **A) chef**
A **chef** is a professional cook who works in a restaurant.

12. The wedding was wonderful. The _____ looked beautiful, and the _____ was very handsome.
✔ **C) bride / bridegroom**
At a wedding, the woman is the **bride** (she looks **beautiful**) and the man is the **bridegroom** (he looks **handsome**).

13. He's the man _____ Anna loves.
✔ **B) _____**
The option _____ means 'no word'. **Anna** is the subject of **loves**, so the relative pronoun can be left out: **He's the man Anna loves.** Not **which**, because **which** is for things, not people.

14. The film star gave a party _____ cost $10,000.
✔ **C) which**
A party is a thing, so use **which**. Here it is the subject of **cost**, so we can't leave it out. Not **who**, because **who** is for people.

15. The man _____ you met at the party was a famous film star.
✔ **A) who**
Use **who** for people: **the man who you met**. Not **which**, because **which** is for things.

16. What's the name of the woman _____ was wearing the gold dress?
✔ **D) who**
The woman is a person, and the pronoun is the subject of **was wearing**, so we need **who**. We can't leave it out here.

17. You're reading the book _____ I wanted to read.
✔ **C) which**
The book is a thing, so use **which**. Not **who**, because **who** is for people.

18. There's someone at the door _____ wants to speak to George.
✔ **A) who**
Someone is a person and the pronoun is the subject of **wants**, so use **who**. Not **whom**, because **whom** is not used as a subject.

19. I don't like food _____ is very spicy.
✔ **A) which**
Food is a thing and the pronoun is the subject of **is**, so we need **which**. It can't be left out.

20. That's the dictionary _____ Bill gave me for my birthday.
✔ **A) _____**
The option _____ means 'no word'. **Bill** is the subject of **gave**, so the relative pronoun can be left out: **the dictionary Bill gave me**. **Who** is for people, not things.

21. Those are old cars _____ only take leaded petrol.
✔ **D) which**
Cars are things and the pronoun is the subject of **take**, so use **which**. It can't be left out here.

22. Do you like the people _____ Sarah invited to her party?
✔ **B) who**
The people are people, so use **who**. Not **which**, because **which** is for things.

23. I called Tom at 10.00 in the morning, but he was _____ in bed.
✔ **B) still**
Still means something continues longer than expected: at 10 in the morning he was **still** in bed.

24. It's our anniversary today. We've been _____ for fifteen years.
✔ **C) together**
Be together means be a couple. On an anniversary we say **We've been together for fifteen years.**

25. Kate is very fussy about food. She _____ eats pasta and crisps.
✔ **A) only**
Only means 'nothing else': a fussy eater **only eats** pasta and crisps. **Too** goes at the end of a sentence, not before the verb.

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