ANSWER KEY WITH EXPLANATIONS

Quantifiers 2 Test A1 – A2 Grammar Exercises

A1 A2 Level Grammar Tests · 20 questions · Online test and questions PDF:
https://englishtestsonline.com/quantifiers-2-test-a1-a2-grammar-exercises/

1	**B**	2	**D**	3	**C**	4	**A**	5	**C**	6	**B**	7	**A**	8	**A**	9	**A**	10	**B**
11	**A**	12	**C**	13	**C**	14	**C**	15	**A**	16	**C**	17	**A**	18	**B**	19	**C**	20	**D**

Explanations

1. Aaron and Milan are friends and _____ of them go to the same school. They are classmates, too.
✔ **B) both**
Use **both** for two people or things. Aaron and Milan are two friends, so **both of them** go to the same school.

2. A: There are four radios in the attic.

B: Yes, but _____ of them work. They are _____ broken.
✔ **D) none / all**
There are four radios, more than two, so use **none** and **all**. **None of them work** means zero radios work, and **they are all broken**. Not **neither** or **both**: these are only for two things.

3. A: I have got two dictionaries, but _____ of them include the meaning of that word.

B: You can look it up in an online dictionary then.
✔ **C) neither**
There are two dictionaries, and the word is in no dictionary. For zero out of two, use **neither of them**. Not **none**: we use it for three or more things.

4. Hans and Klaus are from Germany, and _____ them are from the city of Frankfurt.
✔ **A) both of**
Hans and Klaus are two people, so use **both of them**. Before **them** we need **of**, so **both of** is correct.

5. A: _____ the pancakes are burnt.

B: Still, Hillary has eaten five of them.
✔ **C) All of**
There are many pancakes (Hillary ate five), so use **all of**. **Still** shows that Hillary ate them even though they are burnt.

6. Nancy and Jenny are 27 years old and they are _____ bankers.
✔ **B) both**
Nancy and Jenny are two people, and they have the same job. **They are both bankers.**

7. _____ the eleven footballers in the team were happy about the final score. _____ of them were sad.
✔ **A) None of / All**
There are eleven footballers, more than two, so use **none of** and **all**. **None of them were happy. All of them were sad.** Not **both** or **neither**: they are for two people.

8. Ryan bought two blankets yesterday and he has already washed _____ them.
✔ **A) both of**
Ryan bought two blankets, so use **both of them**. **Both** is for two things.

9. Linda will invite _____ her neighbours over for dinner. She thinks there will be more than fifteen people.
✔ **A) all of**
More than fifteen people will come, so Linda invites **all of** her neighbours. **All** is for three or more people.

10. He gave me two music CDs, but I liked _____ them.
✔ **B) neither of**
There are two CDs, and **but** shows I didn't like them. For zero out of two, use **neither of them**. Not **none of**: it is for three or more.

11. A: Which of the last 2 episodes did you like?

B: _____ them. I think _____ of them were very boring.
✔ **A) Neither of / both**
There are two episodes. B liked no episode, so **Neither of them**. Then **both of them were very boring**.

12. Samuel bought some sweets from the shop, and he ate _____ them in 2 hours.
✔ **C) all of**
Some sweets means many sweets, so use **all of them**. **Both** and **neither** are only for two things.

13. There are two slices of cake left on the plate. I'll eat _____ them. You can have them.
✔ **C) neither of**
There are two slices, and **You can have them** shows I won't eat any. For zero out of two, use **neither of them**.

14. A: Are _____ the cupboards empty?

B: No, only the one on the left is empty. There are plates inside the other one.
✔ **C) both of**
There are two cupboards: **the one on the left** and **the other one**. For two things, use **both of**.

15. She has got lots of books in her bookcase, and she has read _____ them.
✔ **A) all of**
She has **lots of books**, more than two, so use **all of them**. Not **both of**: it is only for two things.

16. Kyle has tried many shoes on for the last two hours, but _____ of them fit him.
✔ **C) none**
Kyle tried **many** shoes, and **but** shows they were not good. For zero out of many, use **none of them**. Not **neither**: it is for two things.

17. _____ the paintings are exceptionally beautiful, but I love _____ them.
✓ **A) Neither of / both of**
There are two paintings (**both** and **neither** are for two). **Neither of the paintings** is very beautiful, **but** I love **both of them**.

18. _____ the apples in the basket are rotten, so I can use _____ them for the pie.
✓ **B) All of / none of**
A basket has many apples, so use **all of** and **none of**. All the apples are rotten, so I can use **none of them**.

19. He wrote hundreds of poems, but he published _____ them.
✓ **C) none of**
He wrote **hundreds** of poems, and **but** shows he didn't publish them. For zero out of many, use **none of them**.

20. _____ of the five girls has short black hair. _____ of them have long brown hair.
✓ **D) None / All**
There are five girls, more than two, so use **none** and **all**. **None of them has short hair. All of them have long hair.**

Practise more on englishtestsonline.com
Take this test online, download its questions PDF, and find thousands of free English tests:
englishtestsonline.com · scan the code for this test
englishtestsonline.com