VERBAL ADVANTAGE - LEVEL 01-10 VOCABULARY TESTS

Verbal Advantage – Level 05 Review Test

34 questions · Choose the correct answer. Online test and answer key with explanations:
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Name: _____ Date: _____ Score: _____ / 34

1. Which word means refined by study and training, marked by skill and taste?
A) judicious **B)** cultivated
C) facile **D)** eccentric

2. What is the correct pronunciation of ***mischievous***?
A) MIS-chi-vus **B)** mis-CHEE-vus
C) mis-CHEE-vee-us

3. On which syllable does the stress properly fall in ***superfluous***?
A) su- **B)** per- **C)** flu-

4. Which group of three words contains two antonyms and one synonym of ***voluble***?
A) taciturn, verbose, garrulous
B) loquacious, terse, effusive
C) glib, laconic, reticent

5. Which word is ***not*** a synonym of ***transitory***?
A) transient **B)** ephemeral
C) itinerant **D)** evanescent

6. The ***phil-*** in ***philanthropy*** and ***philharmonic*** comes from the Greek ***philein***, which means _____.
A) to love **B)** to give
C) to sing **D)** to celebrate

7. Which pair contains a word that is not a synonym of ***lethargy***?
A) torpor, stupefaction
B) lassitude, languor
C) apathy, acquiescence
D) somnolence, sluggishness

8. ***Pugnacious*** comes from a Latin word that means _____.
A) to argue **B)** to be unruly
C) to be rude **D)** to fight with the fists

9. What is a ***quidnunc***?
A) an itinerant person
B) an incorrigible person
C) a vindictive person
D) an officious person
E) a convivial person

10. Which word comes from the ritual of conferring knighthood?
A) exonerate **B)** accolade
C) judicious **D)** altruism

11. Which statement is ***never*** true of vernacular language?
A) It is familiar. **B)** It is common.
C) It is scholarly. **D)** It is grammatical.

12. The Roman god Jupiter is the source of which word?
A) judgment **B)** jovial
C) justice **D)** juxtapose

13. What is the proper plural of ***medium*** when it means a means of mass communication, such as newspapers or television?
A) medias **B)** mediums **C)** media

14. What is the pronunciation of ***ebullient***?
A) i-BUHL-yint **B)** i-BYOO-lee-int
C) EB-uh-lee-int **D)** EB-yuh-lint

15. Which word is an antonym of ***impervious***?
A) diaphanous **B)** tractable
C) opaque **D)** obfuscated

16. ***Imaginary***, ***fantastic***, and ***preposterous*** are synonyms of _____.
A) droll **B)** chimerical
C) auspicious **D)** prodigious

17. ***Posit*** and ***juxtapose*** come from the Latin ***ponere***, which means _____.
A) to tell, explain **B)** to resist, oppose
C) to put, place **D)** to give, offer

18. Which sentence is grammatically ***incorrect***?
A) This is between you and me.
B) This is between you and him.
C) This is for Mary and me.
D) This is for Mary and I.

19. ***Auspicious*** is related to ***auspex***, a soothsayer of ancient Rome who made predictions _____.
A) by interpreting dreams
B) by casting dice
C) by observing the stars
D) by observing the flight of birds

20. Which word is a synonym of ***promulgate***?
A) chasten **B)** glean
C) bruit **D)** expostulate
E) adjudicate

21. What does the ***nomen-*** in ***nomenclature*** mean?
A) law **B)** words
C) name **D)** knowledge

22. The noun ***satiety*** denotes _____.
A) thorough devotion
B) excessive gratification
C) utter confusion
D) unquenchable desire

23. Which set of words contains a word that is ***not*** a synonym of ***beguile***?
A) ensnare, obfuscate, swindle
B) bamboozle, enrapture, enchant
C) dupe, hoodwink, ensorcel
D) gull, cozen, enthrall

24. The Latin adjective ***plenus***, the source of ***replete*** and ***plenary***, means _____.
A) all **B)** many **C)** full **D)** every

25. Which word is an antonym of ***preclude***?
A) engender **B)** cull
C) forestall **D)** obviate

26. ***Chastise*** and ***castigate*** were both formerly used of _____.
A) religious purification **B)** corporal punishment
C) public humiliation **D)** political debate

27. Which word means a vernacular expression?
A) obfuscation **B)** chrysalis
C) idiosyncrasy **D)** colloquialism

28. ***Facile***, ***facility***, and ***facilitate*** all come from the Latin verb ***facere***, which means _____.
A) to work **B)** to simplify
C) to flow smoothly **D)** to make or do

29. Which words are synonyms?
A) aloof, affable **B)** genial, convivial
C) gregarious, solitary **D)** reserved, jovial

30. What is the traditional, proper pronunciation of ***eschew***?
A) es-CHOO **B)** es-SHOO **C)** e-SKYOO

31. Which word comes from a character in a satirical romance by François Rabelais?
A) elephantine **B)** prodigious
C) gargantuan **D)** Brobdingnagian

32. Which word comes from Jonathan Swift's Gulliver's Travels?
A) herculean **B)** Brobdingnagian
C) gargantuan **D)** prodigious

33. Which word is ***not*** a synonym of ***idiosyncratic***?
A) habitual **B)** quirky
C) distinctive **D)** peculiar

34. Which word is a synonym of ***approbation***?
A) repudiation **B)** disavowal
C) acclamation **D)** abjuration

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